### **Oracle 1z0-850**

# Java Standard Edition 5 and 6, Certified Associate Exam

**Practice Test** 

**Version: 14.20** 



#### **QUESTION NO: 1**

Which two are true? (Choose two.)

- A. J2EE runs on consumer and embedded devices.
- B. J2EE includes the MIDP API.
- C. J2EE includes servlet APIs and EJB APIs.
- **D.** J2EE application developers need J2SE.
- **E.** J2EE applications depend on web servers.

Answer: C,D Explanation:

#### **QUESTION NO: 2**

Which two are associated with the web tier in a J2EE web-based application? (Choose two.)

- A. servlets
- **B.** JAX-RPC
- C. JMS
- D. entity beans
- E. JSP

Answer: A,E Explanation:

#### **QUESTION NO: 3**

Given:

- 1. class Test {
- 2. public static void main(String args[]) {
- 3. int num1 = 10, num2 = 20, result;
- 4. result = calc(num1, num2);
- System.out.println(result);
- 6.}

7.



8. // insert code here

9. }

Which, inserted at line 8, produces the output 30?

- A. static int calc(int n1, int n2) { return; }
- **B.** public int calc(int n1, int n2) { return n1 + n2; }
- C. public int calc(int n1, int n2) { return; }
- **D.** static int calc(int n1, int n2) { return n1 + n2; }
- E. static void calc(n1, n2) { return (n1 + n2); }
- **F.** static int calc(int n1, n2) { return n1, n2; };

Answer: D

**Explanation:** 

#### **QUESTION NO: 4**

Given:

- 1. public abstract class Wow {
- 2. private int wow;
- 3. public Wow(int wow) {
- 4. this.wow = wow;
- 5. }
- 6. public void wow() { }
- 7. private void wowza() { }
- 8. }

Which is true about the class Wow?

- **A.** It does NOT compile because an abstract class must have at least one abstract method.
- **B.** It does NOT compile because an abstract class CANNOT have instance variables.
- **C.** It compiles without error.
- **D.** It does NOT compile because an abstract class CANNOT have private methods.
- **E.** It does NOT compile because an abstract class must have a constructor with no arguments.



## Answer: C Explanation:

#### **QUESTION NO: 5**

```
Given:
```

```
    class X {
    private Y y;
    public X(Y y) { this.y = y; }
    }
    class Y {
    private X x;
    public Y() { }
    public Y(X x) { this.x = x; }
    }
```

The instance variable y is intended to represent the composition relationship "X is composed of Y."

Which code correctly maintains this meaning?

```
A. X x1 = new X(new Y());
X x2 = new X(new Y());
B. X xx = new X(null);
Y y1 = new Y(xx);
Y y2 = new Y(xx);
C. Y yy = new Y();
X x1 = new X(yy);
X x2 = new X(yy);
Y y1 = new Y(new X(null));
Y y2 = new Y(new X(null));
```

**Answer: A** 

**Explanation:** 

4



#### **QUESTION NO: 6**

Which type of J2EE component is used to store business data persistently?

- A. stateless session beans
- B. JavaBeans
- C. stateful session beans
- D. entity beans
- E. JavaServer Pages

Answer: D Explanation:

#### **QUESTION NO: 7**

What is the purpose of JNDI?

- A. to access native code from a Java application
- **B.** to parse XML documents
- C. to access various directory services using a single interface
- D. to register Java Web Start applications with a web server

Answer: C Explanation:

#### **QUESTION NO: 8**

Which two are true about HTML? (Choose two.)

- A. HTML can set up hypertext links between documents.
- **B.** HTML uses tags to structure text into headings, paragraphs, and lists.
- C. HTML is an object-oriented programming language.
- **D.** HTML documents CANNOT be browsed by a text editor.

Answer: A,B Explanation:

**QUESTION NO: 9** 



Given:

```
4. class Example {
5. int x = 50;
6. int y = 100;
7. public static void main(String args[]) {
8. int x = 0, y = 10;
9. Example ex = new Example();
10. while (x < 3) {</li>
11. x++; y--;
12. }
13. System.out.println("x = " + x + " , y = " + y);
14. }
15. }
```

What is the result?

- A. Compilation fails because of an error at line 8.
- **B.** x = 3, y = 7
- C. Compilation fails because of an error at line 11.
- **D.** Compilation fails because of an error at line 9.
- **E.** x = 53, y = 97
- **F.** Compilation fails because of an error at line 10.

Answer: B

**Explanation:** 

#### **QUESTION NO: 10**

You have developed a MIDlet that runs on a Java-enabled Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) device. Now, your employer has asked you to port the MIDlet to run on other Java platforms. Which is true?

**A.** The MIDlet is 100% portable across all J2ME devices.



- **B.** The MIDlet can run within a standard web browser.
- C. The MIDlet is guaranteed to run correctly under J2SE.
- **D.** The MIDlet is NOT guaranteed to run on a Java technology-enabled phone.

Answer: D Explanation:

**QUESTION NO: 11** 

Which statement is true?

- **A.** JMS enables an application to provide flexible, asynchronous data exchange.
- **B.** JMS provides interfaces to naming and directory services.
- C. The JMS API is located in the java.jms package.
- **D.** JMS enables an application to provide tightly coupled, distributed communication.

Answer: A Explanation:

**QUESTION NO: 12** 

Which two are true about stateless session beans? (Choose two.)

- **A.** They are used to represent data stored in an RDBMS.
- **B.** They implement the JMS API.
- **C.** They are used to implement business logic.
- **D.** They CANNOT hold client state.

Answer: C,D Explanation:

**QUESTION NO: 13** 

Which two are true about javax.swing? (Choose two.)

- A. It includes classes for creating buttons and panels.
- **B.** It is used to create MIDlets.
- **C.** It is used to create applications that have the same user interface on different platforms.



**D.** It uses the native GUI components of each platform.

Answer: A,C Explanation:

#### **QUESTION NO: 14**

Which two are true? (Choose two.)

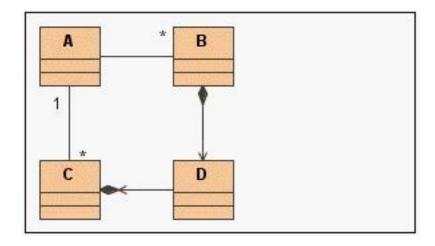
- **A.** An interface CANNOT be extended by another interface.
- **B.** An abstract class CANNOT be extended by an abstract class.
- **C.** An interface can be extended by an abstract class.
- **D.** An abstract class can implement an interface.
- **E.** An abstract class can be extended by a concrete class.
- **F.** An abstract class can be extended by an interface.

Answer: D,E Explanation:

#### **QUESTION NO: 15**

Click the Exhibit button.

Which relationships, referenced by the class names involved, are drawn using valid UML notation?



- A. AB, AC, BD, and CD
- B. only AC, BD, and CD
- C. only AB, AC, and BD
- D. only AB and AC



#### E. only BD and CD

Answer: A Explanation:

#### **QUESTION NO: 16**

Given:

- 12. String s = "abcdefgabc";
- 13. char c = s.charAt(2);

14.

- 15. if (c == 'c')
- 16. s = s.replace('c', 'X');
- 17. else if (c == 'b')
- 18. s = s.replace('b', 'O');
- 19. else
- 20. s = s.replace('c', 'O');
- 21. System.out.println(s);

What is the result?

- A. aOcdefgabc
- B. Compilation fails.
- C. abOdefgabc
- D. abXdefgabc
- E. abOdefgabO
- F. aOcdefgaOc
- G. abXdefgabX

Answer: G

**Explanation:** 



#### **QUESTION NO: 17**

Which package contains classes used to create data collections, such as maps or queues?

- A. java.lang
- B. java.io
- C. java.awt
- D. java.net
- E. javax.swing
- F. java.util

Answer: F

**Explanation:** 

#### **QUESTION NO: 18**

Given:

- 1. interface A { }
- 2. interface B { void b(); }
- 3. interface C { public void c(); }
- 4. abstract class D implements A,B,C { }
- 5. class E extends D {
- 6. void b() { }
- 7. public void c() { }
- 8.}

Which is true?

- **A.** Compilation fails due to an error in line 6.
- **B.** The code compiles without error.
- C. Compilation fails due to an error in line 2.
- D. Compilation fails due to an error in line 4.
- E. Compilation fails due to an error in line 1.

Answer: A

**Explanation:**