

# **Microsoft**

# Exam 70-485

**Advanced Windows Store App Development using C#** 

Version: 11.0

[ Total Questions: 163 ]



#### **Topic 1, Scenario Margie's Travel**

#### Background

You are developing a Windows Store media sharing app for the sales and marketing team at Margie's Travel. The app will allow team members to download documents and media about current and proposed products and services from the company's cloud-based media manager service. Team members will be able to add new content to the cloud service and to print and share content.

## **Business Requirements**

#### Behavior:

- Team members must be able to download product information data sheets, marketing materials, and product demonstration video clips from the company's server.
- Team members must be able to stream video clips to other devices in the vicinity of the team member's device. The app will not support the streaming of photographs.
- The app must allow team members to pause, restart, or cancel uploads and downloads of files. The app must report both the progress and completion status of these operations. It must also return results about upload and download operations.

#### **User Interface:**

- The app must include a photo viewer. When photos are added or deleted in the photo viewer window, they must animate in and out of the field of view. Remaining photos must move to fill the empty space created when photos are deleted. The photo viewer must support semantic zoom.
- The app must display information on the lock screen of the device. The information must include text-based alerts and a value indicating the number of pending file downloads.

#### **Technical Requirements**

#### **Behavior:**

- The company has an existing component named VideoProcessor. This component compresses video clips and performs other processing before the video clips are uploaded to the media manager service. The component was written with managed code. The VideoProcessor component will also be used by Windows Store apps developed in HTML5 and JavaScript. The apps must be able to call the overload of the ProcessVideo() method that accepts a string and a Boolean value as parameters.
- When a team member selects a video clip to download, the app must download the file as a background task. After a download has started, the app should maintain the network connection to the server even when the app is suspended.



#### **User Interface:**

The app must include a custom photo viewer control. The control will be updated frequently and may be deployed separately from the rest of the app. The photo viewer control must support templates and styles.

#### **User Interface:**

- The app must include a custom photo viewer control. The control will be updated frequently and may be deployed separately from the rest of the app. The photo viewer control must support templates and styles.
- The app must use a Grid control as the root layout control. The photo viewer must be placed in the second row of the grid.
- The appearance of the app must change when the app is in snapped mode. The first row of the root layout grid must not change height. The second row must fill all available space.
- Available video clips must be displayed in an extended ListView control class named Downloaded VideoList.
- New video clips should be added to DownloadedVideoList when the DownloadVideoQ method completes.
- New video clip items in the DownloadedVideoList should color change periodically to alert the team member.

# **Application Structure**

Relevant portions of the app files are as follows. (Line numbers in the code segments are included for reference only and include a two-character prefix that denotes the specific file to which they belong.)



#### App.xaml.cs

```
AP01 cts= newCancellationTokenSource();
APO2 private List<DownloadOperation>MyPendingDownloads;
APO3 privateasyncTaskHandleMyPendingDownloads(DownloadOperationdownload,
boolstart)
AP04 {
AP05
       MyPendingDownloads.Add (download);
       Progress<DownloadOperation> progressCallback = new
APO6
Progress<DownloadOperation>(DownloadProgress);
APO7
      if (start)
AP08
APO9
         awaitdownload.StartAsync().AsTask(cts.Token, progressCallback);
AP10
AP11
       else
AP12
AP13
         awaitdownload.AttachAsync().AsTask(cts.Token, progressCallback);
AP14
AP15 }
AP16 privateasyncvoidUploadContent()
AP17 {
AP18
       FileOpenPickerpicker = newFileOpenPicker();
AP19
       List<BackgroundTransferContentPart> uploadGrp = new
List < Background Transfer Content Part > ();
AP21
       for (intfileNum = 0; fileNum < files.Count; fileNum ++)
AP22
AP23
         BackgroundTransferContentPartuploadItem= new
BackgroundTransferContentPart("File"+ fileNum,
          files[fileNum].Name);
AP24
         uploadItem.SetFile(files[fileNum]);
AP25
         uploadGrp.Add(uploadItem);
AP26
AP27
       BackgroundUploaderuploader = newBackgroundUploader();
AP28
AP29
      awaitHandleUploadAsync(upload, true);
AP30 }
```

#### VideoProcessor.cs

```
IP01 publicclassVideoProcessor
IP02 {
IP03
IP04
      publicVideoProcessor(intvideoID)
IP05
      {
IP06
IP07
      1
IPO8
IPO9
      publicVideoProcessor(stringvideoName)
IP10
IP11
IP12
       1
IP13
IP14
      publicvoidProcessVideo(stringvideoName, stringvideoType)
TP15
IP16
IP17
IP18
      }
IP19
IP20
      publicvoidProcessVideo(stringvideoName, boolcompressFile)
IP21
IP22
IP23
IP24 }
```



# MainPage.xaml

```
MP01 <Grid x:Name="LayoutRoot">
MP02 <Grid.RowDefinitions>
MP03 <RowDefinitionHeight="100"/>
MP04 <RowDefinitionHeight="200"/>
MP05 </Grid.RowDefinitions>
MP06 <VisualStateManager.VisualStateGroups>
MP07
MP08 </VisualStateManager.VisualStateGroups>
MP09 </Grid>
```

#### MainPage.xaml.cs

```
MC01 private PlayToManagerptMgr = PlayToManager.GetForCurrentView();
MC03 protectedoverridevoidOnNavigatedTo(NavigationEventArgse)
MC04 {
MC05
MC06
MC07 }
MC08 privatevoidSourceRequestHandler(PlayToManagersender,
      PlayToSourceRequestedEventArgse)
MC09 {
MC10
MC11 e.SourceRequest.SetSource(mediaElement.PlayToSource);
MC12 }
MC13 publicvoidStartNewVideoAnimation()
MC14 {
MC15
      NewVideoStoryboard.Begin();
MC16 }
MC17 publicvoidDownloadVideo(stringvideoName)
MC18 {
MC19
MC20
      videoList.Items.Add(videoName);
MC21 }
```

# **Question No: 1 HOTSPOT - (Topic 1)**

You need to meet the business requirements about downloading and uploading.

How should you configure the app? (To answer, select the appropriate options from each



drop-down list in the answer area.)

Configure the Application UI settings in Package.appxmanifest Lock screen notifications: Tile Badge and Tile Text Wide Logo Only Logo files: Tile Image Only Badge Logo and Tile Image Badge Logo and Wide Logo Configure the Declarations settings in Package.appxmanifest Add a Background Task declaration and configure support for the following task types: Photo file stream Control channel User actions Device availability Playback status

**Answer:** 



Configure the Application UI settings in Package.appxmanifest Lock screen notifications: Tile Badge and Tile Text Wide Logo Only Logo files: Tile Image Only Badge Logo and Tile Image Badge Logo and Wide Logo Configure the Declarations settings in Package.appxmanifest Add a Background Task declaration and configure support for the following task types: Photo file stream Control channel User actions Device availability

# Question No : 2 - (Topic 1)

You need to implement the business requirement to display video clips.

Playback status

Which code segment should you use in the MainPage.xaml file?



```
<DownloadedVideoList x:Name="videoList">
      <DownloadedVideoList.Resources>
        <Storyboard x: Name="NewVideoStoryboard">
          <ColorAnimation Storyboard.TargetName="NewVideoBrush"
           Storyboard.TargetProperty="Color" From="Red" To="Green"
           Duration="0:0:8" RepeatBehavior="Forever"/>
        </Storyboard>
      </DownloadedVideoList.Resources>
      <DownloadedVideoList.Background>
        <SolidColorBrush x:Name="NewVideoBrush" Color="Red"/>
      </DownloadedVideoList.Background>
    </DownloadedVideoList>
B. <DownloadedVideoList x:Name="videoList">
      <DownloadedVideoList.Resources>
       <Storyboard x:Name="NewVideoStoryboard">
          <ColorAnimation Storyboard.TargetName="NewVideoBrush"</p>
           Storyboard.TargetProperty="Color" From="Red" To="Green"
           AutoReverse="true"/>
        </Storyboard>
      </DownloadedVideoList.Resources>
      <DownloadedVideoList.Background>
        <SolidColorBrush x:Name="NewVideoBrush" Color="Red"/>
      </DownloadedVideoList.Background>
   </DownloadedVideoList>
   <DownloadedVideoList x:Name="videoList">
      <DownloadedVideoList.Transitions>
        <TransitionCollection>
          <EntranceThemeTransition/>
        </TransitionCollection>
      </DownloadedVideoList.Transitions>
    </DownloadedVideoList>
   <DownloadedVideoList x:Name="videoList">
     <DownloadedVideoList.Transitions>
       <TransitionCollection>
          <AddDeleteThemeTransition/>
       </TransitionCollection>
     </DownloadedVideoList.Transitions>
   </DownloadedVideoList>
```

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- **D.** Option D

**Answer: A** 

## Question No: 3 - (Topic 1)

You need to implement downloading of media files and other content.



Which code segment should you add to App.xaml.cs?

```
A. private async Task GetPendingDownloadsList()
     IReadOnlyList<DownloadOperation> downloads = await
      BackgroundDownloader.GetCurrentDownloadsAsync();
      if (downloads.Count > 0)
       List<Task> myTasks = new List<Task>();
       for (int i=0; i < downloads.count; i++)
          await HandleMyPendingDownloads(downloads[i], true);
        await Task. When All (my Tasks);
B.
   private async Task GetPendingDownloadsList()
      IReadOnlyList<DownloadOperation> downloads = await
       BackgroundDownloader.GetCurrentDownloadsAsync();
      if (downloads.Count > 0)
        List<Task> myTasks = new List<Task>();
        foreach (DownloadOperation download in downloads)
          myTasks.Add(HandleDownloadAsync(download, false));
        await Task.WhenAll(myTasks);
    }
C. private GetPendingDownloadsList()
      IReadOnlyList<DownloadOperation> downloads = await
       BackgroundDownloader.GetCurrentDownloadsAsync();
      if (downloads.Count > 0)
        List<Task> myTasks = new List<Task>();
        for (int i=0; i < downloads.count; i++)
          await HandleMyPendingDownloads(downloads[i], true);
        await Task. When All (myTasks);
      }
    1
  private Task GetPendingDownloadsList()
      IReadOnlyList<DownloadOperation> downloads =
      BackgroundDownloader.CreateDownloadAsync();
      if (downloads.Count > 0)
        List<Task> myTasks = new List<Task>();
        foreach (DownloadOperation download in downloads)
          myTasks.Add(HandleDownloadAsync(download, false));
        Task.WhenAll(myTasks);
     }
    3
```



- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

**Answer: B** 

# Question No : 4 - (Topic 1)

You need to ensure that the app uploads media and files to the media manager service.

What should you do? (Each correct answer presents part of the solution. Choose all that apply.)

.A. Insert the following line of code at line AP28.

```
IReadOnlyList<UploadOperation> upload =
await BackgroundUploader.GetCurrentUploadsAsync();
```

B. Insert the following line of code at line AP28.

```
UploadOperation upload = await uploader.CreateUpload(uri, uploadGrp);
```

C. Insert the following line of code at line AP28.

```
UploadOperation upload = await uploader.CreateUploadAsync(uri, uploadGrp);
```

D. Insert the following line of code at line AP19.

```
IReadOnlyList<StorageFile> files = await picker.PickMultipleFilesAsync
();
```

E. Insert the following line of code at line AP19.

```
IReadOnlyList<StorageFile> files = await picker.PickSingleFilesAsync
();
```

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- **D.** Option D
- E. Option E

Answer: B,D

**Question No: 5 DRAG DROP - (Topic 1)**