



IBM InfoSphere BigInsights Technical Mastery Test v2

Version: 6.0

[Total Questions: 33]

http://www.maitiku.com QQ:860424807



Question No:1

Which of the following options best describes the differences between a traditional data warehouse environment and a Hadoop environment?

A. Traditional data warehousing environments are mostly ideal for analyzing structured data from various systems, while a Hadoop environment is well suited to deal with structured, semi-structured, and unstructured data, as well as when a data discovery process is needed.

B. Hadoop environments are mostly ideal for analyzing structured and semi-structured data from a single system, while traditional data warehousing environment is well suited to deal with unstructured data, as well as when a data discovery process is needed.

C. Typically, data stored in Hadoop environments is cleaned up before storing in the distributed file-system.

D. Typically, data stored in data warehousing environments is rarely filtered and preprocessed. On the other hand, data injected into Hadoop environments is always preprocessed and filtered.

Answer: A

Question No : 2

What is Big SQL?

A. Big SQL is a feature in Data Explorer that allows for indexing of data from SQL sources such as data warehouses.

B. Big SQL is a feature in BigInsights that allows for native SQL query access for Hadoop, providing full ANSI SQL 92 compliance and standardSQL syntax such as joins, for data contained in a variety of formats such as structured Hive tables, Hbase tables, or csv and other delimitedfiles in HDFS.

C. Big SQL is a feature in Streams that allows for real time analysis of data via standard SQL syntax.

D. Big SQL is a feature in BigInsights that provides a SQL like interface to data contained in Hbase tables only. Other data sources in HDFS mustbe accessed via other means such as HiveQL.

Answer: B

Question No: 3