

**Cisco 642-533**

**CISCO 642-533 Implementing Cisco Intrusion  
Prevention System (IPS)**

**Practice Test**

Version 1.9

**QUESTION NO: 1 DRAG DROP**

Drop

Match each sensor characteristic on the left with the sensor placement location on the right.

requires immediate response to alarms	Sensor on the outside
has a higher probability of generating false positives	
does not detect internal attacks	
compliments FW by monitoring for malicious activity	Sensor on the inside
monitors traffic permitted by firewall	
has a lower probability of generating false positives	

www.pass4sures.com

**Answer:**

Match each sensor characteristic on the left with the sensor placement location on the right.

requires immediate response to alarms	Sensor on the outside
has a higher probability of generating false positives	
does not detect internal attacks	
compliments FW by monitoring for malicious activity	Sensor on the inside
monitors traffic permitted by firewall	
has a lower probability of generating false positives	

www.pass4sures.com

**Explanation:**

Match each sensor characteristic on the left with the sensor placement location on the right.

requires immediate response to alarms	Sensor on the outside
has a higher probability of generating false positives	
does not detect internal attacks	
compliments FW by monitoring for malicious activity	Sensor on the inside
monitors traffic permitted by firewall	
has a lower probability of generating false positives	

www.pass4sures.com

**QUESTION NO: 2**

What is the best way to mitigate the risk that executable-code exploits will perform malicious acts such as erasing your hard drive?

- A. assign blocking actions to signatures that are controlled by the State engine
- B. assign deny actions to signatures that are controlled by the Trojan engines
- C. assign the TCP reset action to signatures that are controlled by the Normalizer engine
- D. enable blocking
- E. enable application policy enforcement

**Answer: B**

**QUESTION NO: 3**

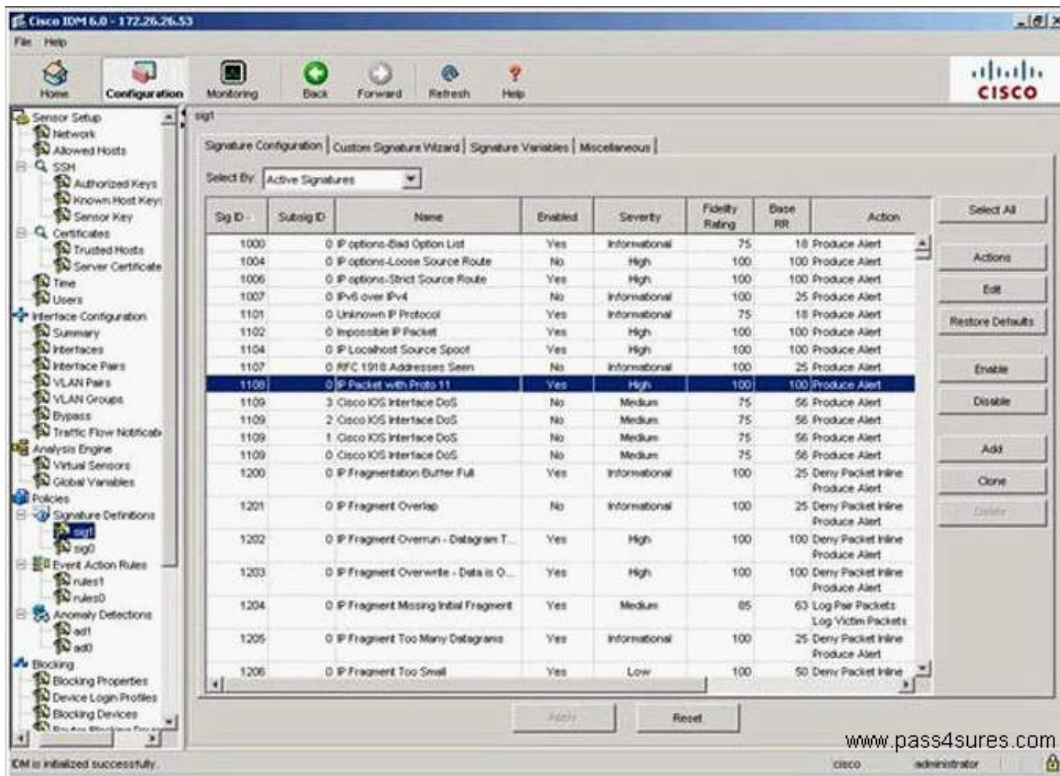
Which type of signature engine is best suited for creating custom signatures that inspect data at Layer 5 and above?

- A. Service
- B. AIC
- C. String
- D. Sweep
- E. Flood
- F. ATOMIC

**Answer: A**

**QUESTION NO: 4**

Refer to the exhibit. As an administrator, you need to change the Event Action and Event Count settings for signature 1108 in the sig1 instance. Which of the following should you select to view and change the required parameters?



The screenshot shows the Cisco IDM 6.0 interface with the 'Signature Configuration' page open. The 'Miscellaneous' tab is selected, and the 'Active Signatures' list is displayed. The following table represents the data shown in the screenshot:

Sig ID	Subsig ID	Name	Enabled	Severity	Fidelity Rating	Base RR	Action
1000	0	IP options-Bad Option List	Yes	Informational	75	18	Produce Alert
1004	0	IP options-Loose Source Route	No	High	100	100	Produce Alert
1006	0	IP options-Strict Source Route	Yes	High	100	100	Produce Alert
1007	0	IPv6 over IPv4	No	Informational	100	25	Produce Alert
1101	0	Unknown IP Protocol	Yes	Informational	75	18	Produce Alert
1102	0	Impossible IP Packet	Yes	High	100	100	Produce Alert
1104	0	IP Localhost Source Spoof	Yes	High	100	100	Produce Alert
1107	0	RFC 1918 Addresses Seen	No	Informational	100	25	Produce Alert
1100	0	IP Packet with Proto 11	Yes	High	100	100	Produce Alert
1109	3	Cisco IOS Interface DoS	No	Medium	75	56	Produce Alert
1109	2	Cisco IOS Interface DoS	No	Medium	75	56	Produce Alert
1109	1	Cisco IOS Interface DoS	No	Medium	75	56	Produce Alert
1109	0	Cisco IOS Interface DoS	No	Medium	75	56	Produce Alert
1200	0	IP Fragmentation Buffer Full	Yes	Informational	100	25	Deny Packet Inline Produce Alert
1201	0	IP Fragment Overlap	No	Informational	100	25	Deny Packet Inline Produce Alert
1202	0	IP Fragment Overrun - Datagram T...	Yes	High	100	100	Deny Packet Inline Produce Alert
1203	0	IP Fragment Overwrite - Data is O...	Yes	High	100	100	Deny Packet Inline Produce Alert
1204	0	IP Fragment Missing Initial Fragment	Yes	Medium	85	63	Log Pair Packets Log Victim Packets
1205	0	IP Fragment Too Many Datagrams	Yes	Informational	100	25	Deny Packet Inline Produce Alert
1206	0	IP Fragment Too Small	Yes	Low	100	50	Deny Packet Inline

- A. Miscellaneous tab
- B. Signature Variables tab
- C. Actions button
- D. Edit button

**Answer: D**

### QUESTION NO: 5

You would like to investigate an incident and have already enabled the Log Pair Packets action on various signatures being triggered. What should you do next?

- A. Use CLI to send the IP log to a PC using TFTP, then open it with Notepad to view and interpret the contents.
- B. Use Cisco IDM to download the IP log to a management station then use a packet analyzer like Ethereal to decode the IP log.
- C. Use the External Product Interface feature to download the IP log to Cisco Security MARS for incident investigation.
- D. Use Cisco Security Manager to retrieve the IP log then use the Cisco Security Manager IPS Manager to decode the IP log.
- E. Use Cisco IEV to retrieve the IP log then use the IEV Generate Reports function to produce a report based on the IP log content.

**Answer: B**

**QUESTION NO: 6**

Which signature action or actions should be selected to cause the attacker's traffic flow to terminate when the Cisco IPS Sensor is operating in promiscuous mode?

- A. deny attacker
- B. resettcp connection
- C. deny connection
- D. deny packet
- E. deny packet, resettcp connection
- F. deny connection, resettcp connection

**Answer: B**

**QUESTION NO: 7**

You are using Cisco IDM. What precaution must you keep in mind when adding, editing, or deleting allowed hosts on a Cisco IPS Sensor?

- A. You must not allow entire subnets to access the Cisco IPS Sensor
- B. You must not delete the IP address used for remote management.
- C. When using access lists to permit remote access, you must specify the direction of allowed communications.
- D. You can only configure the allowed hosts using the CLI.
- E. You must use an inverse mask, such as 10.0.2.0 0.0.0.255, for the specified network mask for the IP address.

**Answer: B**

**QUESTION NO: 8**

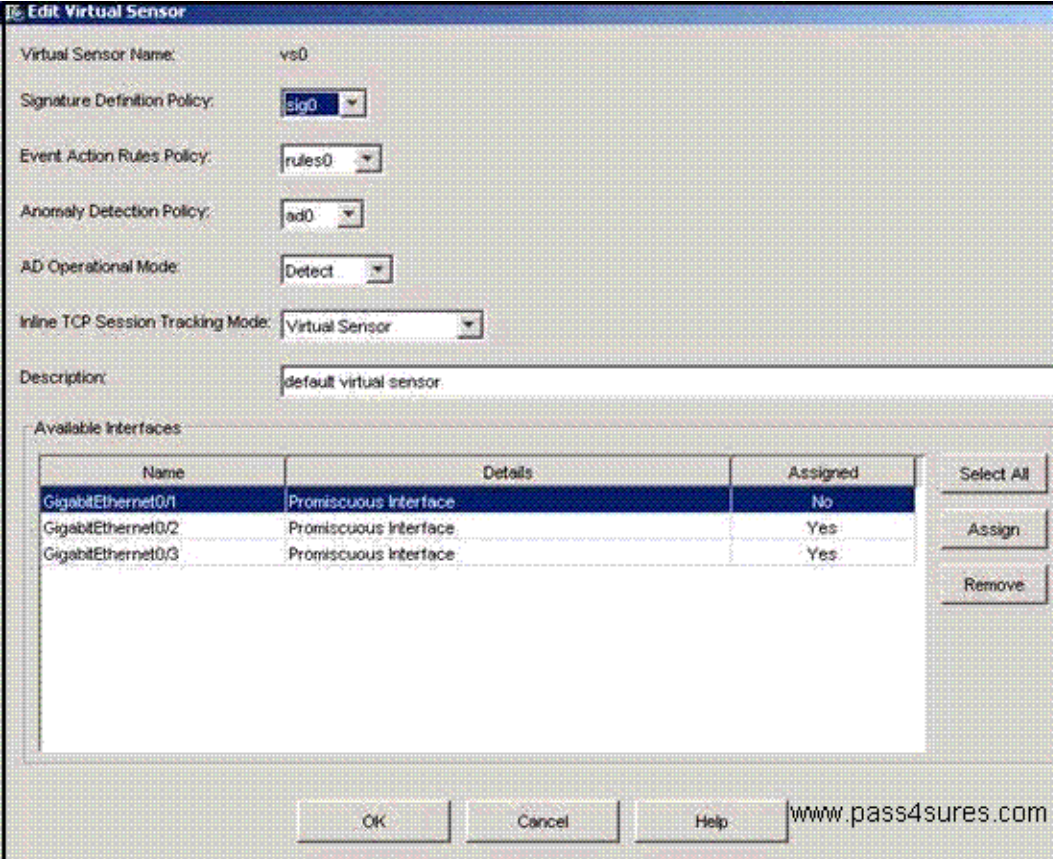
Which action does the copy /erase ftp://172.26.26.1/sensor\_config01 current-config command perform?

- A. erases the sensor\_config01 file on the FTP server and replaces it with the current configuration file from the Cisco IPS Sensor
- B. merges the source configuration file with the current configuration
- C. copies and saves the running configuration to the FTP server and replaces it with the source configuration file
- D. overwrites the backup configuration and applies the source configuration file to the system default configuration

**Answer: D**

**QUESTION NO: 9**

Refer to the exhibit. Which interfaces are assigned to an inline VLAN pair?



Virtual Sensor Name: vs0

Signature Definition Policy: sig0

Event Action Rules Policy: rules0

Anomaly Detection Policy: ad0

AD Operational Mode: Detect

Inline TCP Session Tracking Mode: Virtual Sensor

Description: default virtual sensor

Name	Details	Assigned
GigabitEthernet0/1	Promiscuous Interface	No
GigabitEthernet0/2	Promiscuous Interface	Yes
GigabitEthernet0/3	Promiscuous Interface	Yes

Buttons: OK, Cancel, Help, www.pass4sures.com

- A. GigabitEthernet0/1 with GigabitEthernet0/3
- B. None in this virtual sensor
- C. GigabitEthernet0/1 with GigabitEthernet0/2
- D. GigabitEthernet0/2 with GigabitEthernet0/3

**Answer: B**

**QUESTION NO: 10**

Which character must precede a variable to indicate that you are using a variable rather than a string?

- A. percent sign
- B. asterisk
- C. dollar sign
- D. pound sign

E. ampersand

**Answer: C**

**QUESTION NO: 11**

In which three ways does a Cisco IPS network sensor protect the network from attacks? (Choose three.)

- A. It can generate an alert when it detects traffic that matches a set of rules that pertain to typical intrusion activity.
- B. It permits or denies traffic into the protected network based on access lists that you create on the sensor.
- C. It uses a blend of intrusion detection technologies to detect malicious network activity.
- D. It uses behavior-based technology that focuses on the behavior of applications to protect network devices from known attacks and from new attacks for which there is no known signature.
- E. It can take a variety of actions when it detects traffic that matches a set of rules that pertain to typical intrusion activity.
- F. It uses anomaly detection technology to prevent evasive techniques such as obfuscation, fragmentation, and encryption.

**Answer: A,C,E**

**QUESTION NO: 12**

Which CLI mode allows you to tune signatures?

- A. setup
- B. global configuration
- C. service signature-definition
- D. privileged exec
- E. service analysis-engine
- F. virtual-sensor-configuration

**Answer: C**

**QUESTION NO: 13**

Select the two correct general Cisco IPS Sensor tuning recommendations if the environment consists exclusively of Windows servers. (Choose two.)

- A. enable all IIS signatures
- B. enable all NFS signatures
- C. enable all RPC signatures
- D. use "NT" IP fragment reassembly mode
- E. disable deobfuscation for all HTTP signatures
- F. use "Windows" TCP stream reassembly mode

**Answer: A,D**

**QUESTION NO: 14**

Which two management access methods are enabled by default on a Cisco IPS Sensor? (Choose two.)

- A. HTTPS
- B. SSH
- C. IPsec
- D. HTTP
- E. Telnet

**Answer: A,B**

**QUESTION NO: 15 DRAG DROP**

Drop

Match the signature engine description on the left to the correct type on the right.

detects DoS attacks	Atomic
supports regular expression matching	
inspects HTTP and FTP applications	Flood
supports signatures triggered by single packets	String
	AIC

www.pass4sures.com

**Answer:**



Match the signature engine description on the left to the correct type on the right.

detects DoS attacks	Atomic
supports regular expression matching	supports signatures triggered by single packets
inspects HTTP and FTP applications	Flood
supports signatures triggered by single packets	detects DoS attacks
	String
	supports regular expression matching
	AIC
	inspects HTTP and FTP applications

**Explanation:**

Match the signature engine description on the left to the correct type on the right.

detects DoS attacks	Atomic
supports regular expression matching	supports signatures triggered by single packets
inspects HTTP and FTP applications	Flood
supports signatures triggered by single packets	detects DoS attacks
	String
	supports regular expression matching
	AIC
	inspects HTTP and FTP applications

**QUESTION NO: 16 DRAG DROP**

Drop

Drag the IPS appliance software bypass mode description on the left to match the correct mode on the right.

high security risk since traffic is never inspected	on
traffic flows through the IPS appliance for inspection unless the appliance is down	off
traffic flows through the IPS appliance for inspection, but if the appliance is down, traffic stops flowing	auto

**Answer:**

Drag the IPS appliance software bypass mode description on the left to match the correct mode on the right.

high security risk since traffic is never inspected	on
traffic flows through the IPS appliance for inspection unless the appliance is down	high security risk since traffic is never inspected
traffic flows through the IPS appliance for inspection, but if the appliance is down, traffic stops flowing	off
	traffic flows through the IPS appliance for inspection, but if the appliance is down, traffic stops flowing
	auto
	traffic flows through the IPS appliance for inspection unless the appliance is down

**Explanation:**

Drag the IPS appliance software bypass mode description on the left to match the correct mode on the right.

high security risk since traffic is never inspected	on
traffic flows through the IPS appliance for inspection unless the appliance is down	high security risk since traffic is never inspected
traffic flows through the IPS appliance for inspection, but if the appliance is down, traffic stops flowing	off
	traffic flows through the IPS appliance for inspection, but if the appliance is down, traffic stops flowing
	auto
	traffic flows through the IPS appliance for inspection unless the appliance is down

**QUESTION NO: 17**

In which three of these ways can you achieve better Cisco IPS Sensor performance? (Choose three.)

- A. enable selective packet capture using VLAN ACL on the Cisco IPS 4200 Series Sensors
- B. alwaysenable unidirectional capture
- C. have multiple Cisco IPS Sensors in the path and configure them to detect different types of events
- D. disable unneeded signatures
- E. place the Cisco IPS Sensor behind a firewall
- F. enable all anti-evasive measures to reduce noise

**Answer: C,D,E**

**QUESTION NO: 18**

You have been made aware of new and unwanted traffic on your network. You want to create a signature to monitor and perform an action against that traffic when certain thresholds are reached. What would be the best way to configure this new signature?