

Cisco

Exam 700-703

Cisco Application Centric Infrastructure for Field Engineers Exam

Version: 8.0

[Total Questions: 50]

Question No : 1

Where in the APIC GUI is VMM domain created?

- A. VM networking > inventory
- B. Fabric > Access policies
- C. Tenants > Common
- D. VM networking > policies

Answer: D

Explanation: In the APIC GUI click on VM Networking and select the Policies sub-tab

Reference: <http://www.virtualizationadmin.com/articles-tutorials/vmware-esx-and-vsphere-articles/general/cisco-aci-configuring-vmware-integration-apic.html>

Question No : 2

What is an application network profile in application-centric infrastructure?

- A. UCS Manager Concept for accelerated network configuration.
- B. Stateful definition of application requirements.
- C. Stateless definition of application requirements.
- D. Application network requirements dependent upon infrastructure.
- E. Data-center-specific configuration of infrastructure.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Network profile: stateless definition of application requirements

Application tiers

Connectivity policies

Layer 4 – 7 services

XML/JSON schema

Reference: http://www.cisco.com/assets/global/SL/events/cisco_datacenter_day/pdf/Policy_Defined-DC-ACI_Slovenija.pdf slide 25

Question No : 3

Which logical representation of policies between endpoint groups in application-centric infrastructure is provided by one EPG and consumed by another?

- A. VLAN
- B. private network (Layer 3)
- C. endpoint group
- D. tenant
- E. contract

Answer: E

Question No : 4

Which application-centric infrastructure container is used for IP subnets and can be used to define a Layer 2 boundary?

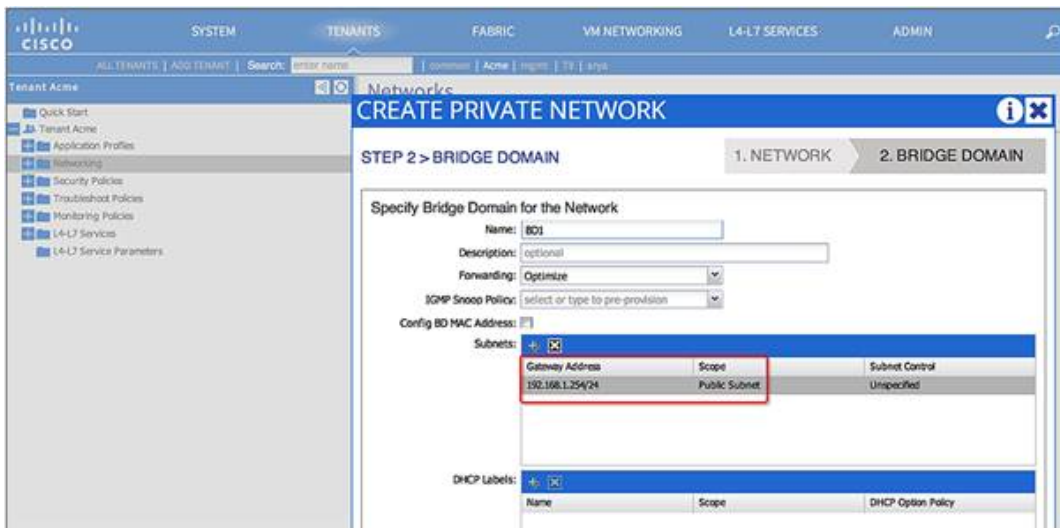
- A. bridge domain
- B. tenant
- C. endpoint group
- D. VLAN
- E. Private network (layer 3)

Answer: A

Explanation:

A bridge domain is a construct used to define a Layer 2 boundary within the fabric. A bridge domain can be viewed as somewhat similar to regular VLANs in a traditional switching environment.

- ✍* Specify a bridge domain in the private network.
- ✍* Specify the bridge domain name in the Name field (BD1).
- ✍* Click the + sign next to Subnets to add a public subnet (192.168.1.254/24) to associate with BD1. This public subnet will advertise to ISP1



Question No : 5

Which in an ACI fabric can configure vPCs?

- A. Tenant administrator
- B. Serveradminister
- C. Network administrator
- D. Infrastructureadministrator

Answer: D

Explanation:

In ACI, the logic to define a virtual Port-Channel is as follows:

- ✍ The infrastructure administrator creates the VPC domain from the "Access Policies" as "protection" policy (i.e. which "nodes" are part of a vPC domain)
- ✍ The infrastructure administrator defines the "Access Policy Group" "Bundle Interfaces" where one creates the specific vPC channel-group configuration
- ✍ The interface policy defines a list of interfaces that are associated with the vPC channel-group but it doesn't specify which leafs this is associated with
- ✍ The switch policy defines a list of "nodes" nodes whose interfaces selected by the interface policy are defined as part of the vPC

Question No : 6

Where in the APIC GUI are Layer 2 and Layer 3 networks created?

- A. VM Networking > inventory
- B. Fabric > Access policies
- C. VM networking > policies
- D. Tenants > Tenant_Name

Answer: B

Explanation: On the menu bar, choose FABRIC > Access Policies.

Reference: http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/aci/apic/sw/1-x/mapping/mapping_gd/layer2_examples.html

Question No : 7

Which protocols are used to resolve hypervisor-to-leaf node attachment in an ACI fabric?

- A. COOP or OpFlex
- B. LLDP or COOP
- C. LLDP or OpFlex
- D. LACP or OpFlex

Answer: C

Explanation: LLDP or OpFlex permissions are used to resolve the hypervisor to leaf node attachments.

Reference: http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/aci/apic/sw/1-x/aci-fundamentals/b_ACI-Fundamentals/b_ACI_Fundamentals_BigBook_chapter_0111.html

Question No : 8

To which layer of the OSI model would the ACI concepts of EGP, BD, policy groups (VPC, PC, interfaces), and encapsulation (VLAN, VXLAN, NVGRE) map?