

Fortinet FCESP

Fortinet Certified Email Security Professional Version: 5.0

QUESTION NO: 1

Which protection profile can be used to protect against Directory Harvest attacks?

- A. antispam profile
- B. session profile
- C. content profile
- D. antivirus profile

Answer: B

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 2

What is one reason for deploying a FortiMail unit in Transparent Mode?

- A. DNS records do not necessarily have to be modified.
- B. Mail is not queued thereby expediting mail delivery.
- C. Mail is not inspected unless a policy explicitly matches the traffic.
- D. No user information needs to be stored on the FortiMail unit when operating in Transparent Mode.

Answer: A

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 3

Which profile can be used to protect against Denial of Service attacks?

- A. antispam profile
- B. session profile
- C. dos profile
- D. security profile

Answer: B

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 4

Which of the following parameters CANNOT be configured using the Quick Start Wizard?

- A. protected domains
- B. system time
- C. operation mode
- D. access control rules
- E. antispam settings

Answer: C

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 5

Which of the following DNS records resolves an IP address into a hostname?

- A. MX record
- B. PTR record
- C. A record
- D. NS record

Answer: B

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 6

Which SMTP sessions are defined as incoming?

- A. All SMTP sessions received by the FortiMail units
- B. SMTP sessions for the protected domain
- C. SMTP sessions received on the management interface
- D. All sessions generated from the internal network

Answer: B

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 7

Which back-end servers can be used to provide Recipient Verification?

- A. LDAP servers
- B. POP3 servers
- C. RADIUS servers
- D. SMTP servers

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 8

Under which of the following conditions would an email be placed in the Dead Mail queue?

- A. The recipient of the email is invalid.
- B. The sender of the email is invalid.
- C. The email is classified as spam.
- D. The remote MTA is performing Greylisting.

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 9

A System Administrator is concerned by the amount of disk space being used to store quarantine email messages for non-existent accounts. Which of the following techniques can be used on a FortiMail unit to PREVENT email messages from being quarantined for non-existent accounts?

- A. Greylist Scanning
- B. Recipient Address Verification
- C. Sender Reputation
- D. Automatic Removal of Invalid Quarantine Accounts

Answer: B

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 10

Which of the following features can be used to expand a single recipient address into a group of one or many email addresses?

- A. User Alias
- B. Address Map
- C. User Group
- D. None of the above

Answer: A

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 11

On a FortiMail unit, access control rules specify actions to be taken against matching email messages. Which of the following statements correctly describes the Bypass action?

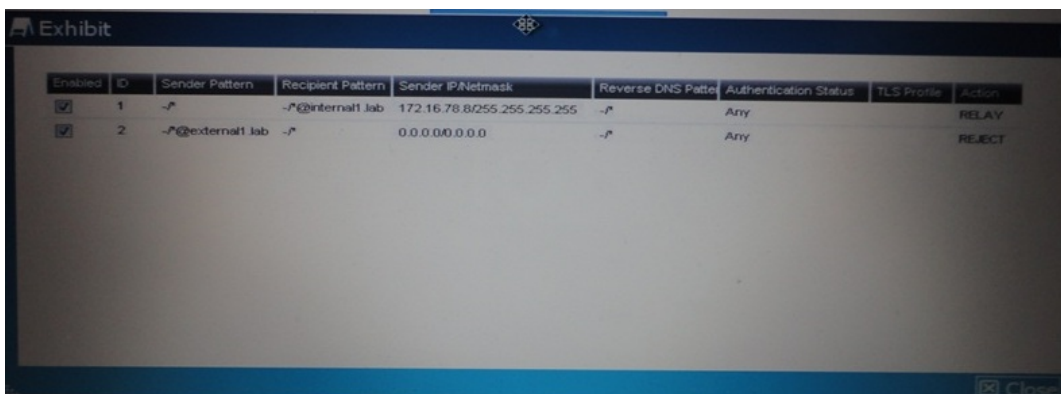
- A. Accept the email message but skip the MX record lookup. This mail message will be delivered using the configured relay server.
- B. Do not deliver the email message.
- C. Accept the email message and skip all message scanning, such as antispam and antivirus.
- D. Accept the email message and delete it immediately without delivery.

Answer: C

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 12

Two access control rules are configured on a FortiMail unit as illustrated in the exhibit.



Enabled	ID	Sender Pattern	Recipient Pattern	Sender IP/Netmask	Reverse DNS Pattern	Authentication Status	TLS Profile	Action
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	-P	-P@internal1.lab	172.16.78.0/255.255.255.255	-P	Any		RELAY
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	-P@external1.lab	-P	0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0	-P	Any		REJECT

Which of the following statements correctly describes the COMBINED action of these two access control rules?

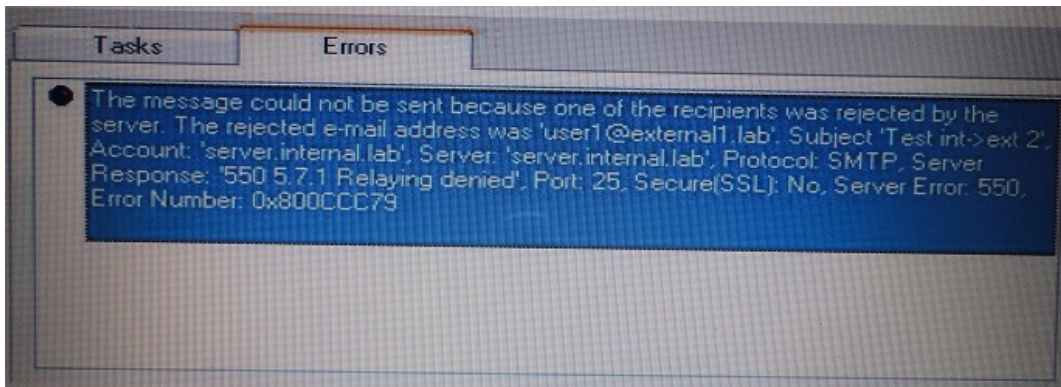
- A. Email messages from senders at external1.lab will be rejected.
- B. Email messages from external1.lab to internal1.lab from host IP 172.16.78.8 are relayed.
- C. Email messages from external1.lab to internal1.lab from any host IP address are relayed.
- D. Email messages from external1.lab to internal1.lab are restricted by the return DNS pattern.

Answer: B

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 13

What is the best explanation for why a FortiMail unit would issue the error message indicated in the exhibit?



- A. The recipient domain external1.lab is not defined.
- B. This traffic comes from an authenticated sender.
- C. Recipient verification is not working properly.
- D. The session is matching an Access Control Rule with action "Reject".

Answer: A

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 14

Which of the following FortiMail profile types apply to IP-based policies only?

- A. Session profile
- B. Content profile
- C. IP pool
- D. Antispam profile

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

QUESTION NO: 15

According to the Message Header printed below, which antispam technique detected this email as spam:

Return-Path: user1@external.lab

(SquirrelMail authenticated user user1)

by 172.16.78.8 with HTTP;

X-FEAS-HASH: 6ef419f0a0608b1655xxxxe68080df3cb12fc38f1118d2f085985eeb000274d7

Sat, 18 Apr 2009 15:53:06 +0200 (CEST)

Message-ID : <3029.192.168.3.101.1240062786.squirrel@172.16.78.8>

Date : Sat, 18 Apr 2009 15 :53 :06 +0200 (CEST)

Subject: [SPAM] Sales

From: user1@external.lab

To: user1@training1.lab

User-Agent: SquirrelMail/1.4.10a-1.fc6

MIME-Version : 1.0

Content-Type : text/plain ;charset=iso-8859-1

Content-Transfer-Encoding: 8bit

X-Priority: 3 (Normal)

Importance: Normal

X-Original-To: user1@training1.lab

Delivered-To: user1@training1.lab

Received: from fm.sub.training1.lab (fm.sub.training1.lab [192.168.11.101])

by mail.training1.lab (Postfix) with ESMTP id A9160187073

for <user1@training1.lab>; Sun, 19 Apr 2009 16:58:48 +0200 (CEST)